## 'Verbing'

Below are two lists of infinitive verb phrases. In each class, the verb is formed from a noun; as Calvin once said, *Verbing weirds language*. But verbs differ in what they mean, and occasionally in which class they belong to.

What is the basic difference between Class I and Class II?

Class I	Class II
to <b>seed</b> the lawn	to <b>seed</b> a pepper
to <b>top</b> a building	to <b>top</b> the tree
to water horses	to <b>milk</b> a cow
to <b>oil</b> machinery	to <b>worm</b> the dog
to wire the house	to <b>peel</b> an orange
to <b>carpet</b> a room	to <b>core</b> apples
to <b>cap</b> the bottle	to <b>skin</b> a cat
to <b>fence</b> property	to <b>scalp</b> the man
to wax the floor	to <b>husk</b> corn
to <b>roof</b> a house	to <b>sample</b> wine
etc.	etc.

Find five more examples of each class, and explain why each one is an example of its class.