Lowering the threshold in the DAMA dark matter search

Chris Savage

University of Utah

With C. Kelso & P. Sandick

Overview

DAMA sees modulation in event rate (8.9σ)

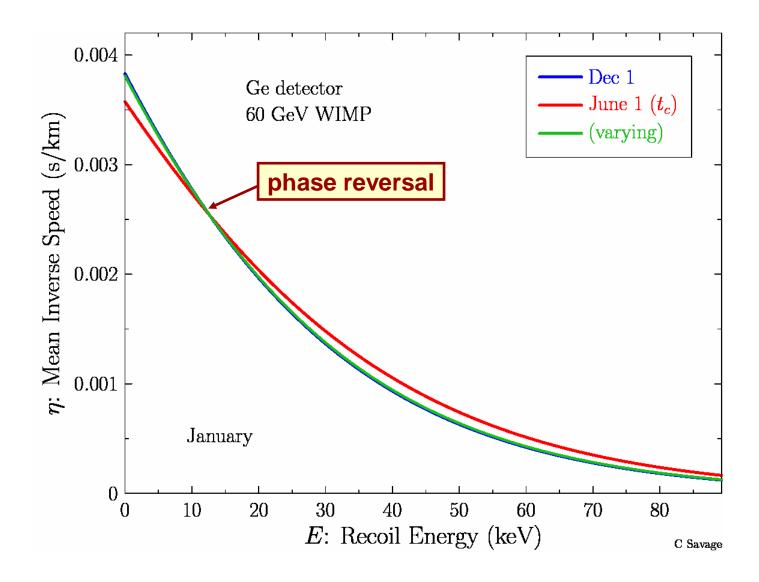
- Consistent with ~ 10 GeV or ~ 70 GeV WIMP
- Consistent with spin-independent (SI) or spin-dependent (SD) interactions

2010: detector upgrades

- Better PMTs allow threshold to be lowered (2 \rightarrow 1 keVee)
- What will low-threshold results tell us?

DM-Ice, etc.

Why lower threshold?



DAMA Results

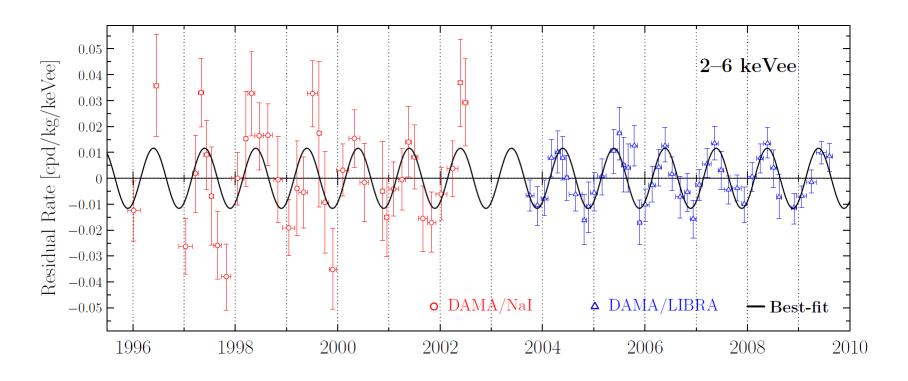
 Modulation search using NaI crystals (scintillation only)

DAMA/Nal: 1996-2002

R. Bernabei et al., Riv. Nuovo Cim. **26N1**, 1 (2003)

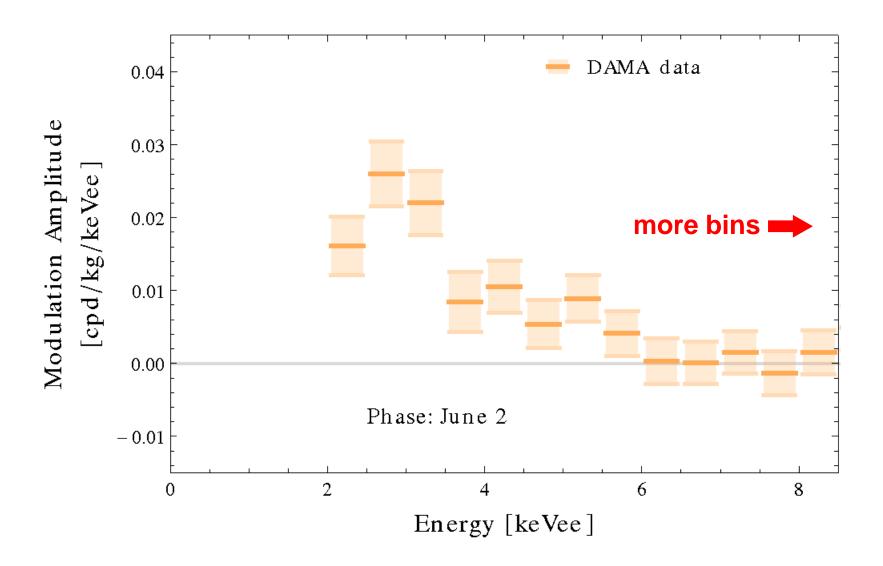
DAMA/LIBRA: 2003-2009

R. Bernabei et al., Eur. Phys. J. C67, 039 (2010)



8.9σ annual modulation

DAMA Results



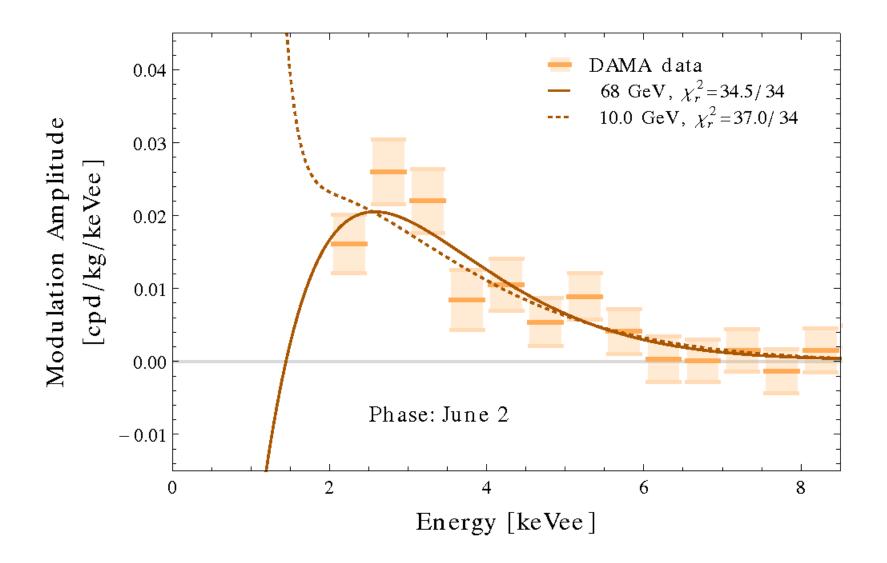
WIMP Fits

Chi-squared analysis

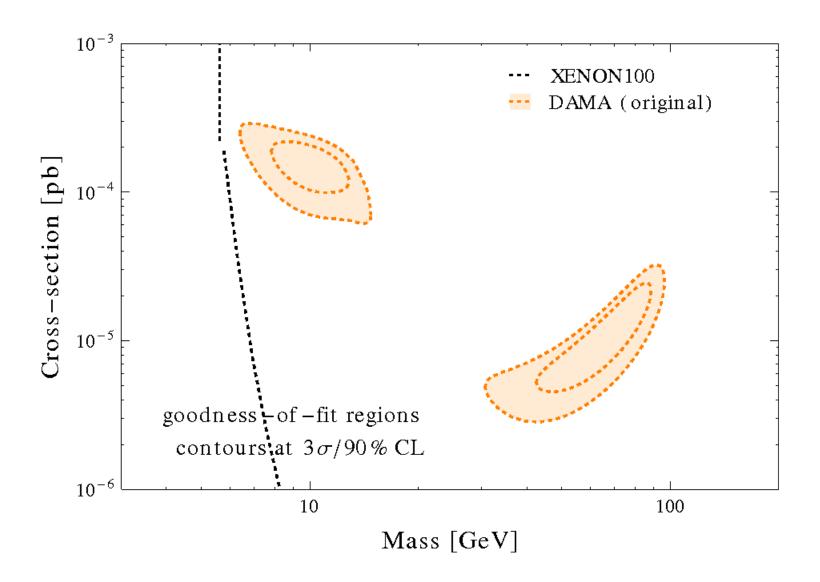
Assumptions:

- Standard Halo Model
- Spin-independent elastic scattering (later: spin-dependent)
- Quenching: $Q_1 = 0.09$, $Q_{Na} = 0.30$
- Finite energy resolution

DAMA Fits



DAMA Fits



Lowering the DAMA threshold

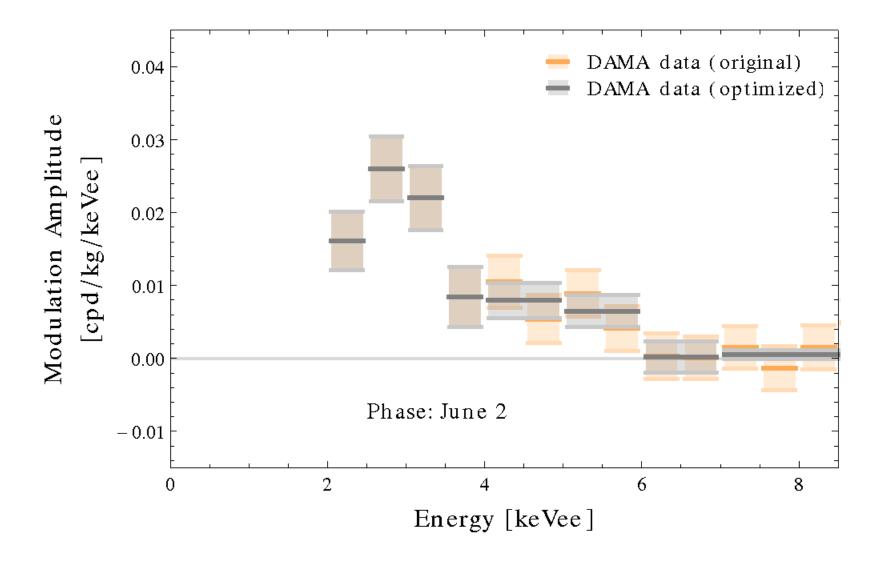
Original bins (36):

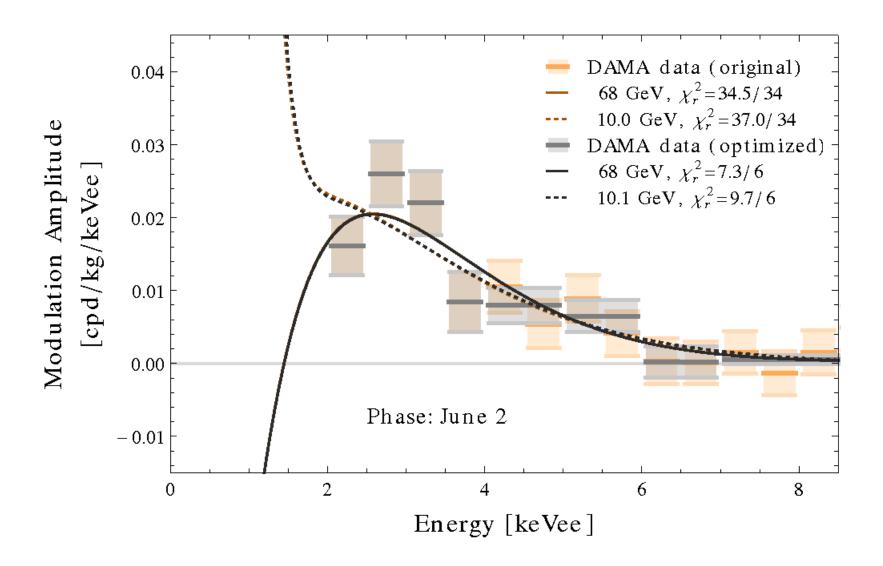
- Most narrower than energy resolution
- Most expected to have negligible signal

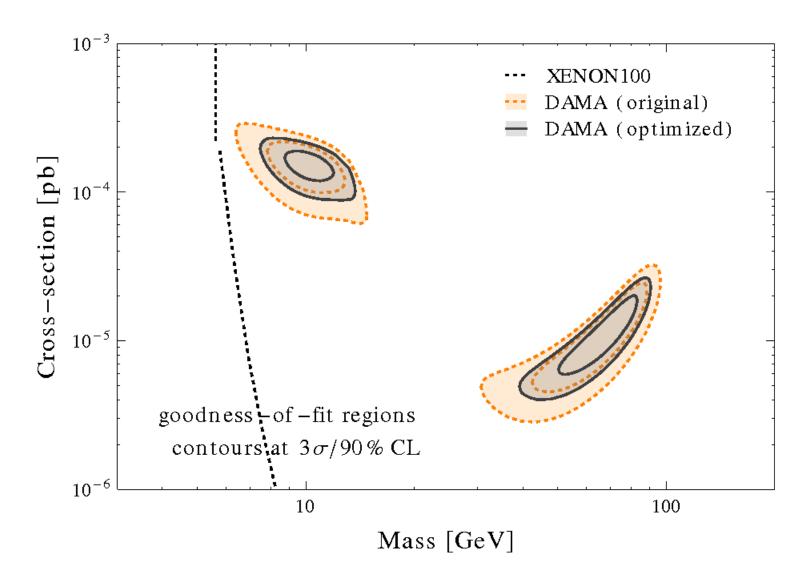
⇒ Sensitivity of goodness-of-fit weakened!

More optimal choice of bins (8):

- Combine bins much smaller than energy resolution
- Combine all bins above 7 keVee

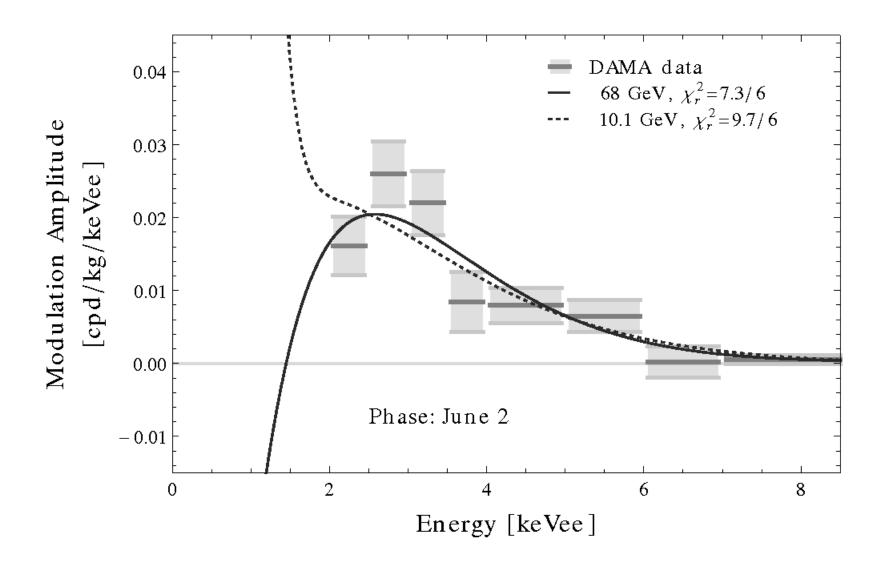


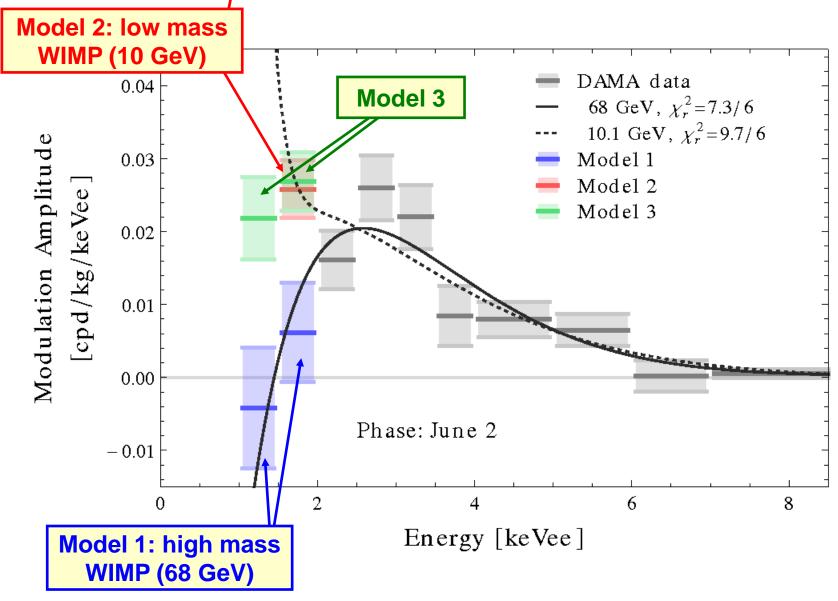




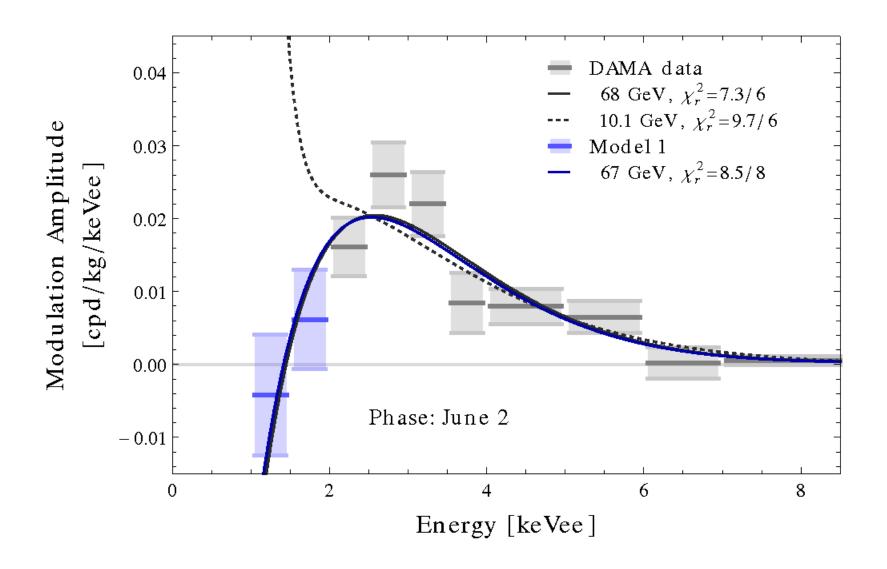
Lowering the DAMA threshold

- Low energy possibilities
 - Model 1: Heavy WIMP spectrum (68 GeV)
 - Model 2: Light WIMP spectrum (10 GeV)
 - Model 3: "flat" spectrum
- Pseudo-data in two new bins over 1-2 keVee
 - Uncertainties consistent with LIBRA-like exposure
- Use existing data over 2-20 keVee

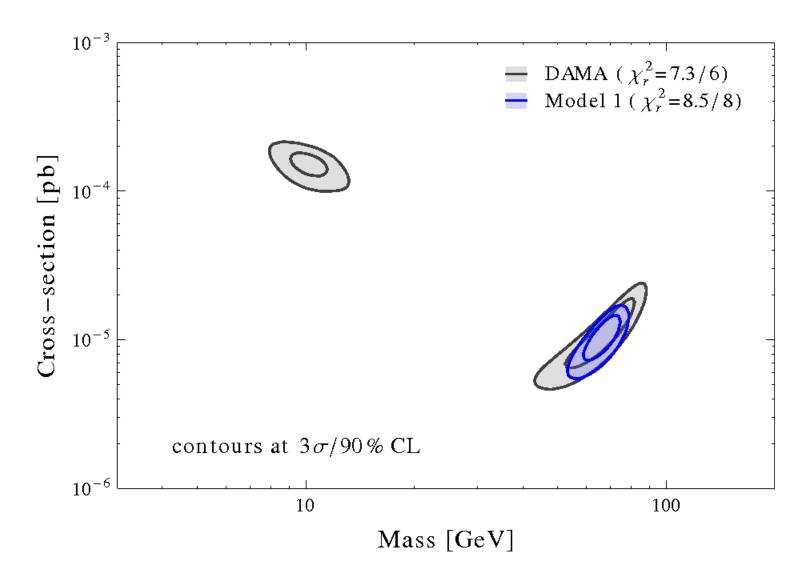




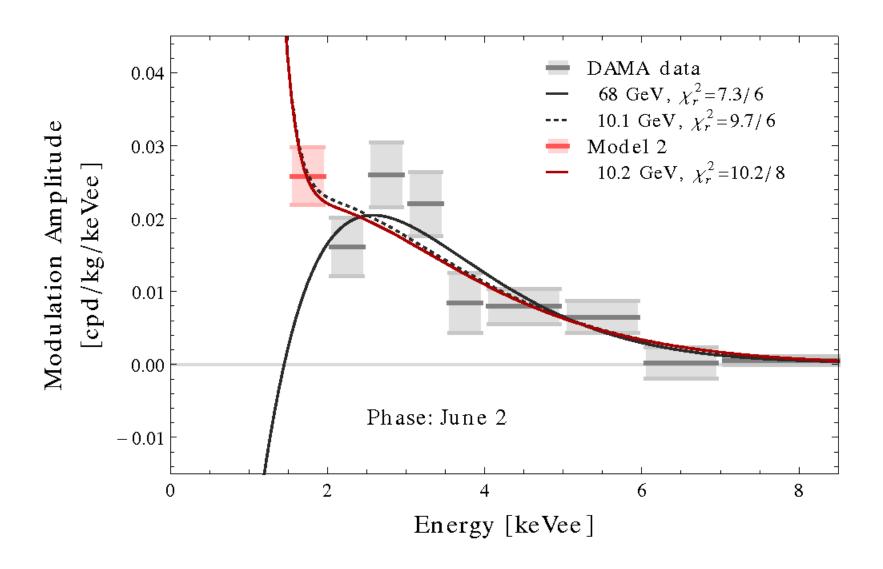
Model 1 (high mass WIMP)



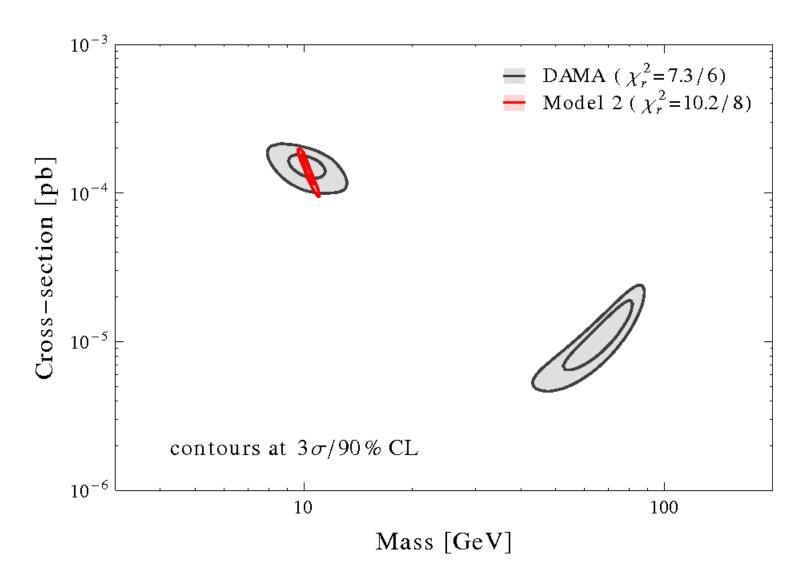
Model 1 (high mass WIMP)



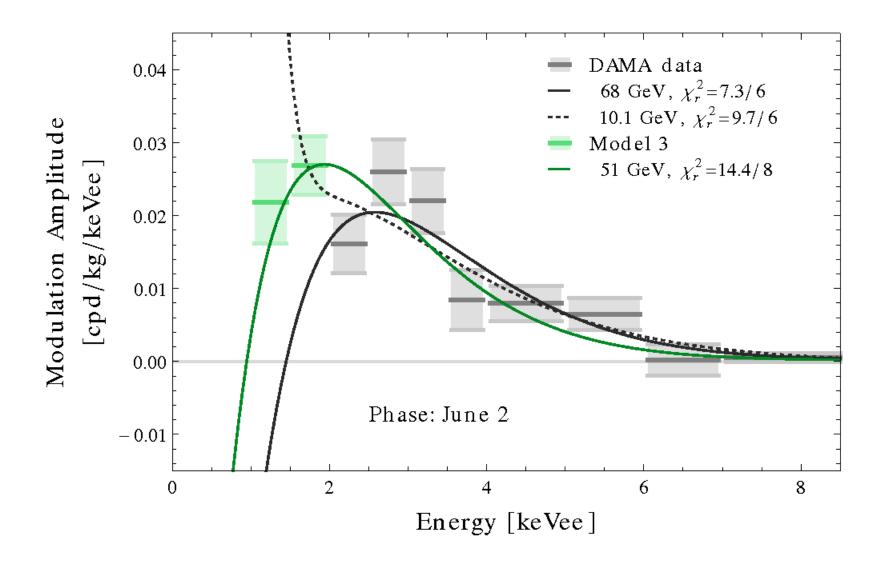
Model 2 (low mass WIMP)



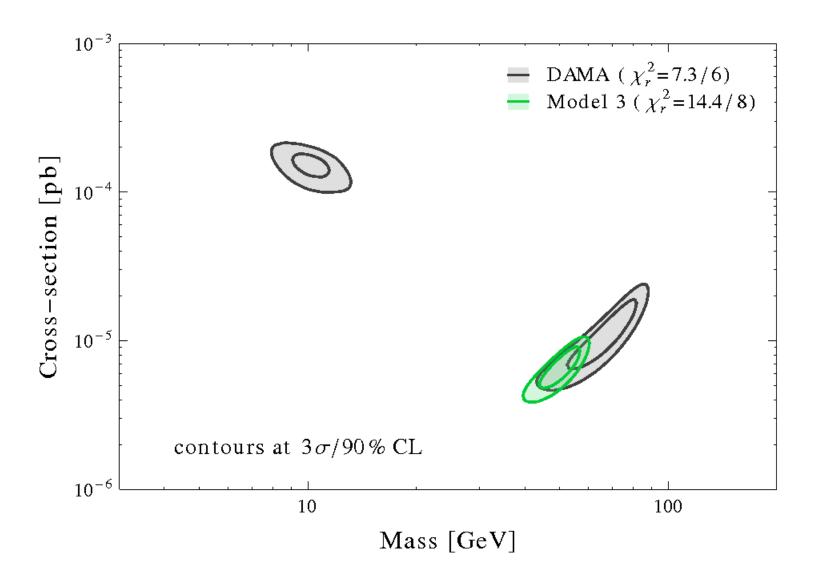
Model 2 (low mass WIMP)



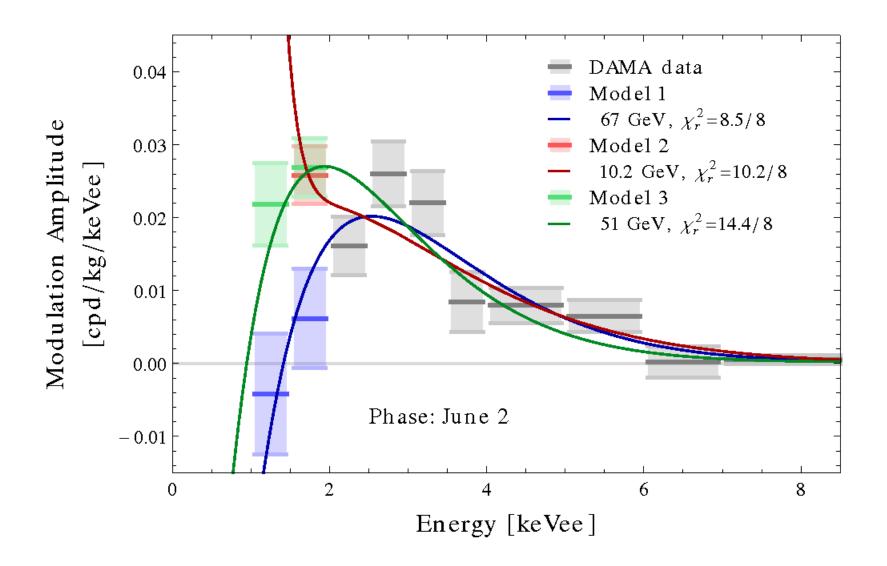
Model 3

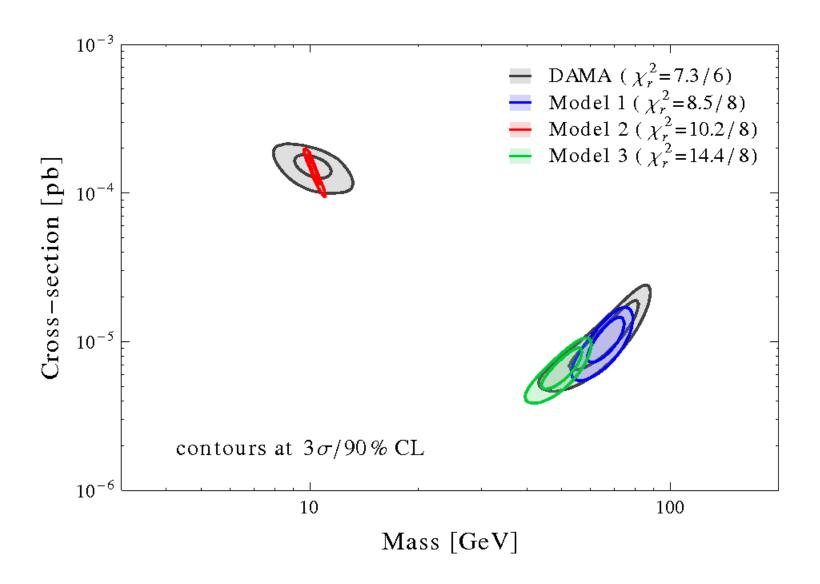


Model 3



Lowering the DAMA threshold

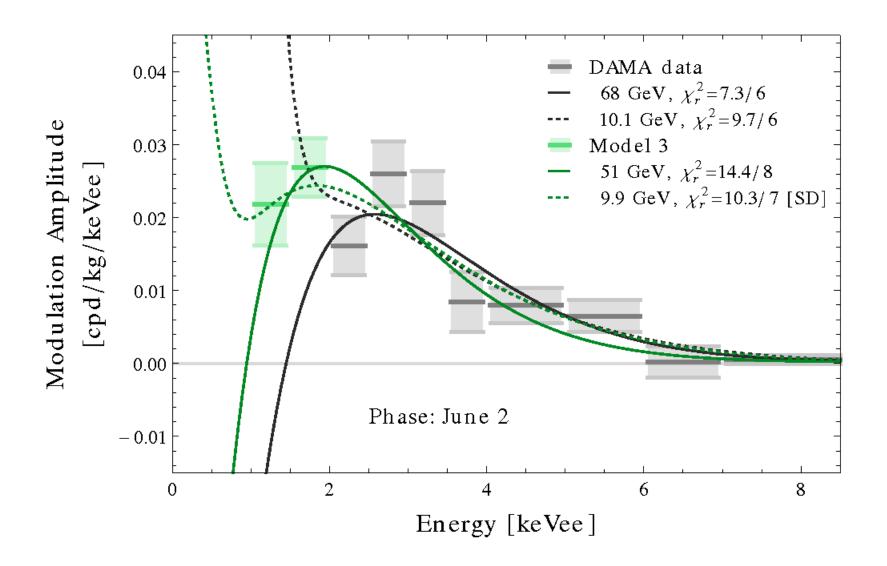




Spin-dependent Scattering

Can low-energy data help distinguish between spin-independent and spin-dependent scatttering?

Spin-dependent (Model 3)



Spin-dependent (Fits)

	DAMA	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3
spin-independent				
$m_{\chi} \; [{ m GeV}]$	68.4 (10.1)	67.3	10.2	50.8
$\sigma_{\mathrm{p,SI}} \; [\mathrm{pb}]$	$1.1 \times 10^{-5} \ (1.5 \times 10^{-4})$	1.1×10^{-5}	1.5×10^{-4}	6.7×10^{-6}
$\chi^2_{ m min}/dof$	$7.3/6 \ (9.7/-)$	8.5/8	10.2/8	14.4/8
$spin-dependent, proton-only (a_n = 0)$				
$m_{\chi} \; [{ m GeV}]$	10.3 (43.7)	11.0	3.4	10.0
$\sigma_{\mathrm{p,SD}} \; [\mathrm{pb}]$	$0.60 \ (0.43)$	0.50	7.1	0.62
$\chi^2_{ m min}/dof$	$9.5/6 \ (26.6/-)$	22.8/8	91.9/8	10.6/8
$spin-dependent, neutron-only (a_p = 0)$				
$m_{\chi} \; [{ m GeV}]$	10.0 (52.5)	58.7	12.3	47.6
$\sigma_{\rm n,SD} \ [{ m pb}]$	84. (9.5)	10.3	77.	9.0
$\chi^2_{ m min}/dof$	$9.6/6 \ (10.0/-)$	14.0/8	18.0/8	11.6/8
spin-dependent, mixed couplings				
$m_{\chi} \; [{ m GeV}]$	8.3 (52.1)	58.7	9.1	9.9
$a_{ m p}$	$12.0 \ (0.24)$	0.043	3.7	1.8
$a_{\rm n}$	-147. (-6.1)	-5.6	60.	-4.2
$\chi^2_{ m min}/dof$	$8.6/5 \ (9.9/-)$	14.0/7	9.6/7	10.3/7

Summary and Remarks

- Modulation:
 - Phase reversal
 - Sodium and lodine contributions
- Low-threshold modulation data can...
 - Identify if light or heavy WIMP
 - Indicate if spin-independent or spin-dependent interactions
- DAMA
 - Upgraded 2010 (improved PMT efficiency)
 - Attain significant exposure before data release (LIBRA: 4 years)
 ...results within next 1-2 years?