

Lesson 27
The Past Perfective Tense
The Future Perfective Tense

From which principle part of the dictionary entry is a present perfective active verb formed? How is this tense metaphrased?

Describe the process for the formation of the present perfective passive verb. How is this tense metaphrased?

Basic Sentences

Find and copy from the Basic Sentences 27.1-27.2:

- an present imperfective verb
- a future imperfective verb
- a linking kernel (label the parts)

The Past Perfective Tense

What three morphemes make up the past perfective tense?

Utilize the above information to form the past perfective active verb form of *amō amāre amāvī amātus to love* in all persons:

	Singular	Plural
1 st Person	_____	_____
2 nd Person	_____	_____
3 rd Person	_____	_____

How is the past perfective passive verb tense formed differently than the present perfective passive tense?

Utilize the above information concerning passive verb forms to form the past perfective passive verb form of *amō amāre amāvī amātus to love* in all persons:

	Singular	Plural
1 st Person	_____	_____
2 nd Person	_____	_____
3 rd Person	_____	_____

Explain the concepts of “past” and “perfective” in regard to the past perfective verb tense.

From the Basic Sentences and/or Required Readings find and copy two examples of a past perfective active verb. Break these down into their three component parts.

1 _____

2 _____

Metaphrase these verb forms in isolation (without the remainder of the sentences).

Metaphrase the past perfective passive forms of *amō, amāre, amāvī, amātus to love* in all persons.

	Singular	Plural
1 st Person	_____	_____
2 nd Person	_____	_____
3 rd Person	_____	_____

The Future Perfective Tense

What three parts form the future perfective active verb?

Examining the chart on page 277, write a rule for forming the future perfective passive tense of a verb.

Metaphrase the forms from the chart on page 277 for the future perfective active forms: audiō, audīre, audīvī, audītus *to hear* .

	Singular	Plural
1 st Person	_____	_____
2 nd Person	_____	_____
3 rd Person	_____	_____

List an example from the Basic Sentences of either a future perfective active or future perfective passive verb. Also copy down the English translation of this verb.

Metaphrase the forms from the chart on page 277 for the future perfective passive forms: audiō, audīre, audīvī, audītus *to hear* .

	Singular	Plural
1 st Person	_____	_____
2 nd Person	_____	_____
3 rd Person	_____	_____

Within what grammatical construction does the future perfective tense usually occur?

Using your past and new knowledge, give generic metaphrases for all tenses.

	ACTIVE	PASSIVE
Present Imperfective	“Subject xs”	“Subject is x-ed”
Present Perfective	_____	_____
Past Imperfective	_____	_____
Past Perfective	_____	_____
Future Imperfective	_____	_____
Future Perfective	_____	_____