

2010 Michigan Quantum Summer School

Quantum Simulation and Metrology

August 2 – 13, 2010



Aaron Leanhardt



Hui Deng



Luming Duan



Chris Monroe



Angela Milliken



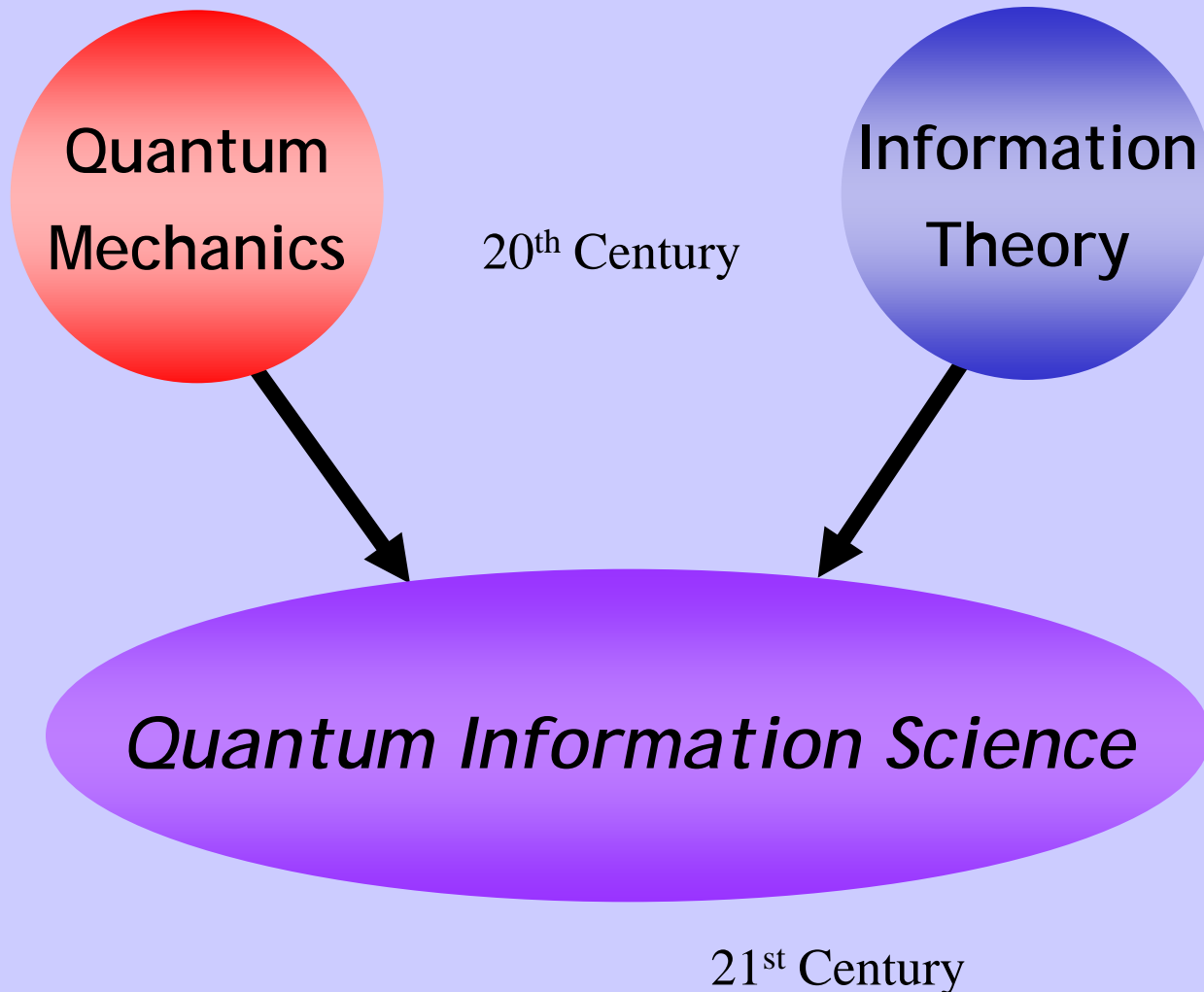
Michigan Summer Symposia: 1928-1941



Michigan Summer Symposia: 2008-



A new science for the 21st Century?



Quantum Simulations with Ions



Chris
Monroe

University of Maryland
Department of Physics

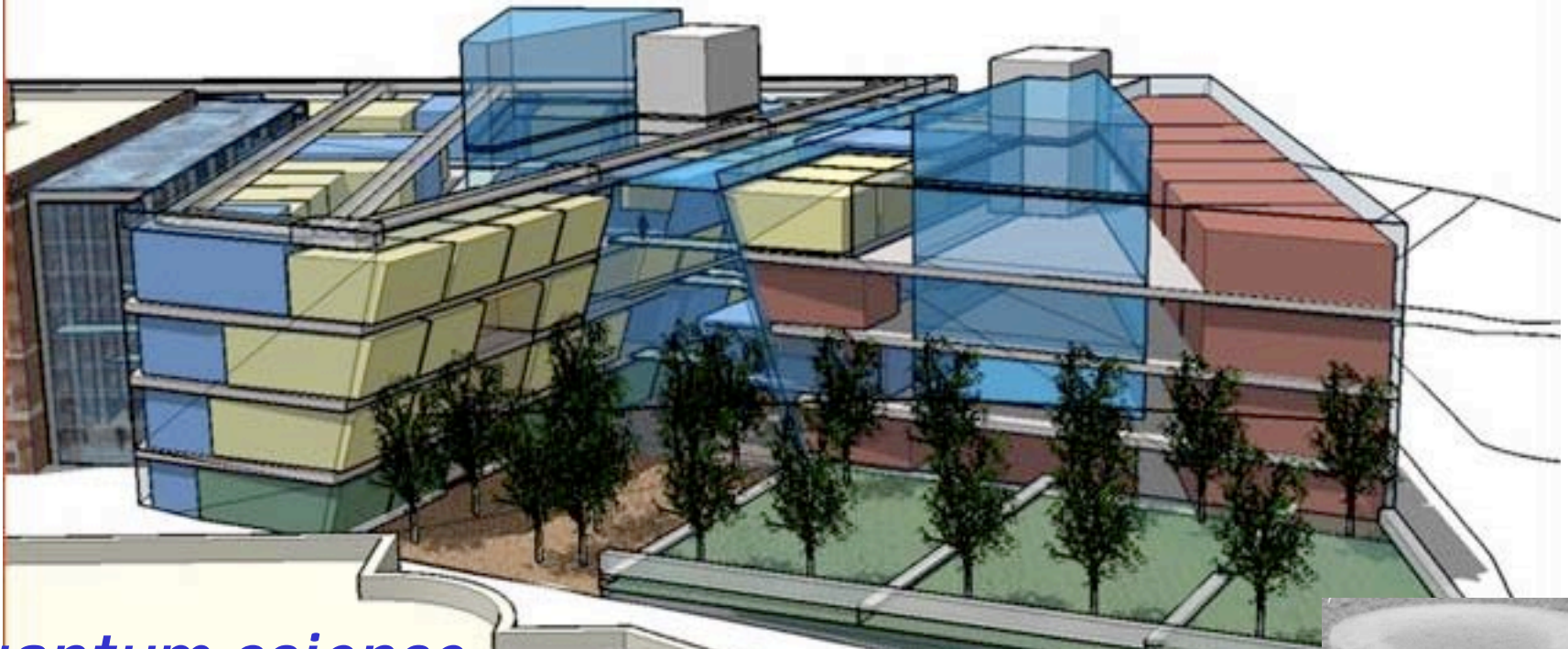
iqi JOINT
QUANTUM
INSTITUTE

National Institute of
Standards and Technology

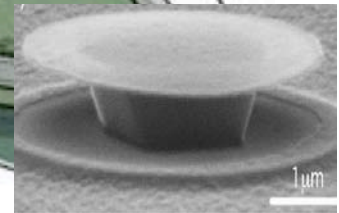
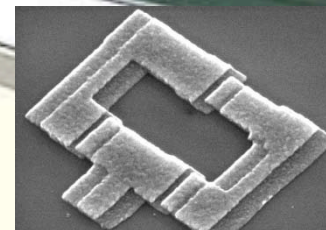
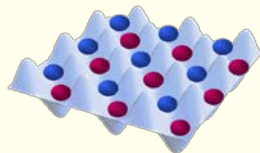
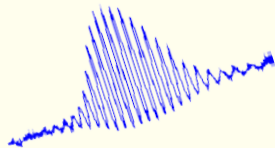
Boris
2005

iqi

JOINT QUANTUM INSTITUTE



*Quantum science
for tomorrow's technology*



Quantum Simulation: What is it?

$$i\hbar \frac{d\Psi}{dt} = H\Psi$$

Ψ Describes N interacting systems, each system having D degrees of freedom

D^N coupled differential equations



International Journal of Theoretical Physics, Vol. 21, Nos. 6/7, 1982

Simulating Physics with Computers

Richard P. Feynman

Department of Physics, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California 91107

Received May 7, 1981

Two approaches

(1) Physical System Ψ \longrightarrow Trial H \longrightarrow $i\hbar \frac{d\Psi}{dt} = H\Psi$

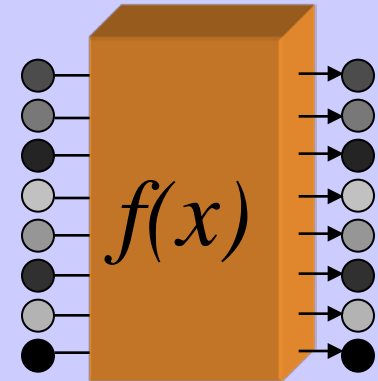
(2) Choose H \longrightarrow Physical System Ψ \longrightarrow $i\hbar \frac{d\Psi}{dt} = H\Psi$

Quantum Computing:

parallel processing on 2^N inputs

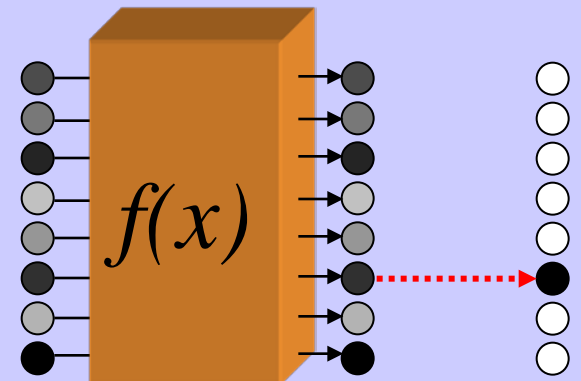
Example: $N=3$ qubits

$$\Psi = a_0 |000\rangle + a_1 |001\rangle + a_2 |010\rangle + a_3 |011\rangle \\ + a_4 |100\rangle + a_5 |101\rangle + a_6 |110\rangle + a_7 |111\rangle$$

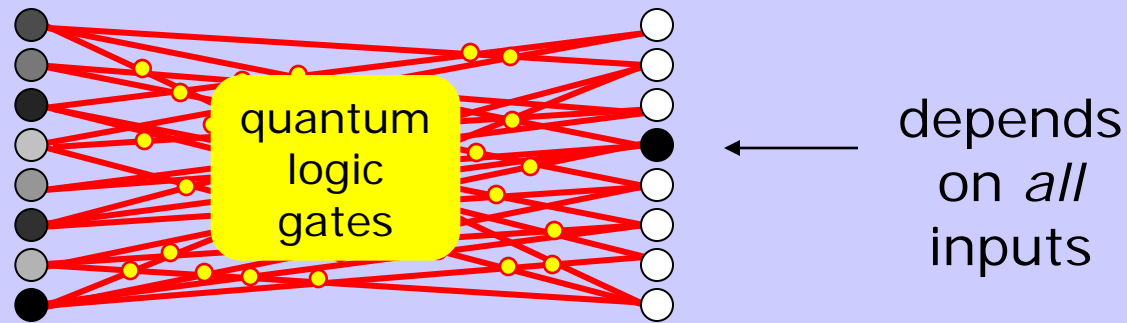


Measurement gives random result

e.g., $\Psi \Rightarrow |101\rangle$



quantum interference saves the day!

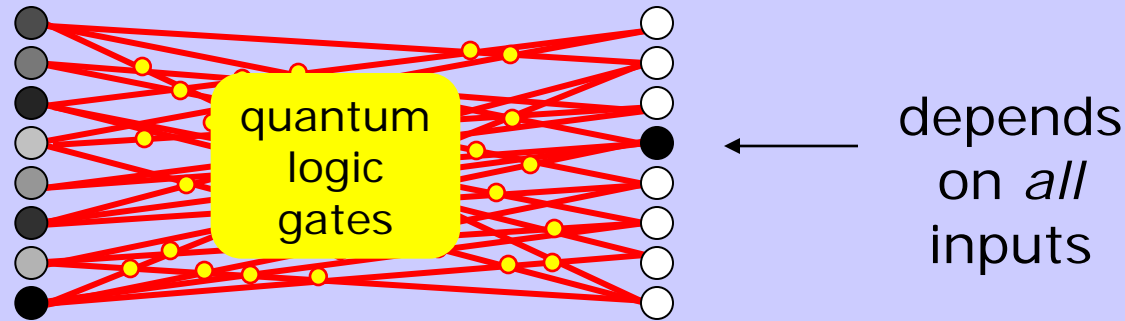


Deutsch (1985)

Shor (1994) fast number factoring $N = p \times q$

Grover (1996) fast database search

quantum interference saves the day!



quantum
 $\sqrt{\text{NOT}}$ gate:

$$\begin{aligned} |0\rangle &\rightarrow |0\rangle + |1\rangle \\ |1\rangle &\rightarrow |1\rangle - |0\rangle \end{aligned}$$

quantum
XOR gate:

$$\begin{aligned} |0\rangle |0\rangle &\rightarrow |0\rangle |0\rangle \\ |0\rangle |1\rangle &\rightarrow |0\rangle |1\rangle \\ |1\rangle |0\rangle &\rightarrow |1\rangle |1\rangle \\ |1\rangle |1\rangle &\rightarrow |1\rangle |0\rangle \end{aligned}$$

e.g., $(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) |0\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle|0\rangle + |1\rangle|1\rangle$
superposition \rightarrow entanglement

Quantum simulations with individual atoms

D. Porras and J. I. Cirac, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **92**, 207901 (2004)

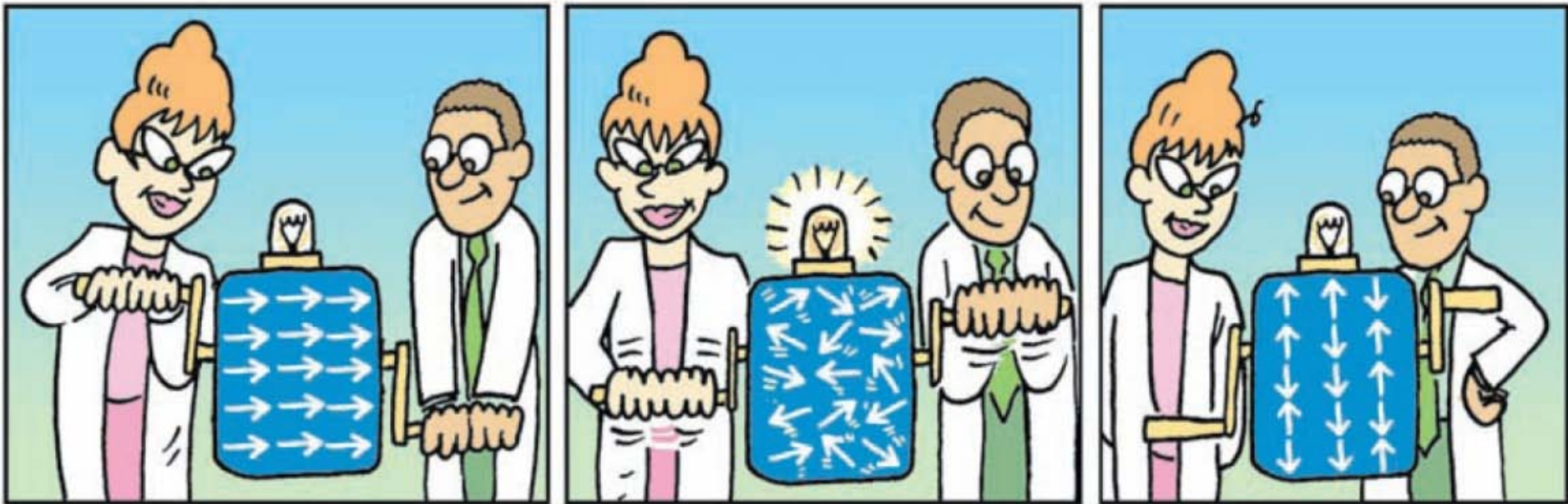
X.-L. Deng, D. Porras, and J. I. Cirac, *Phys. Rev. A* **72**, 063407 (2005)

A. Friedenauer, et al., *Nature Physics* **4**, 757 (2008)

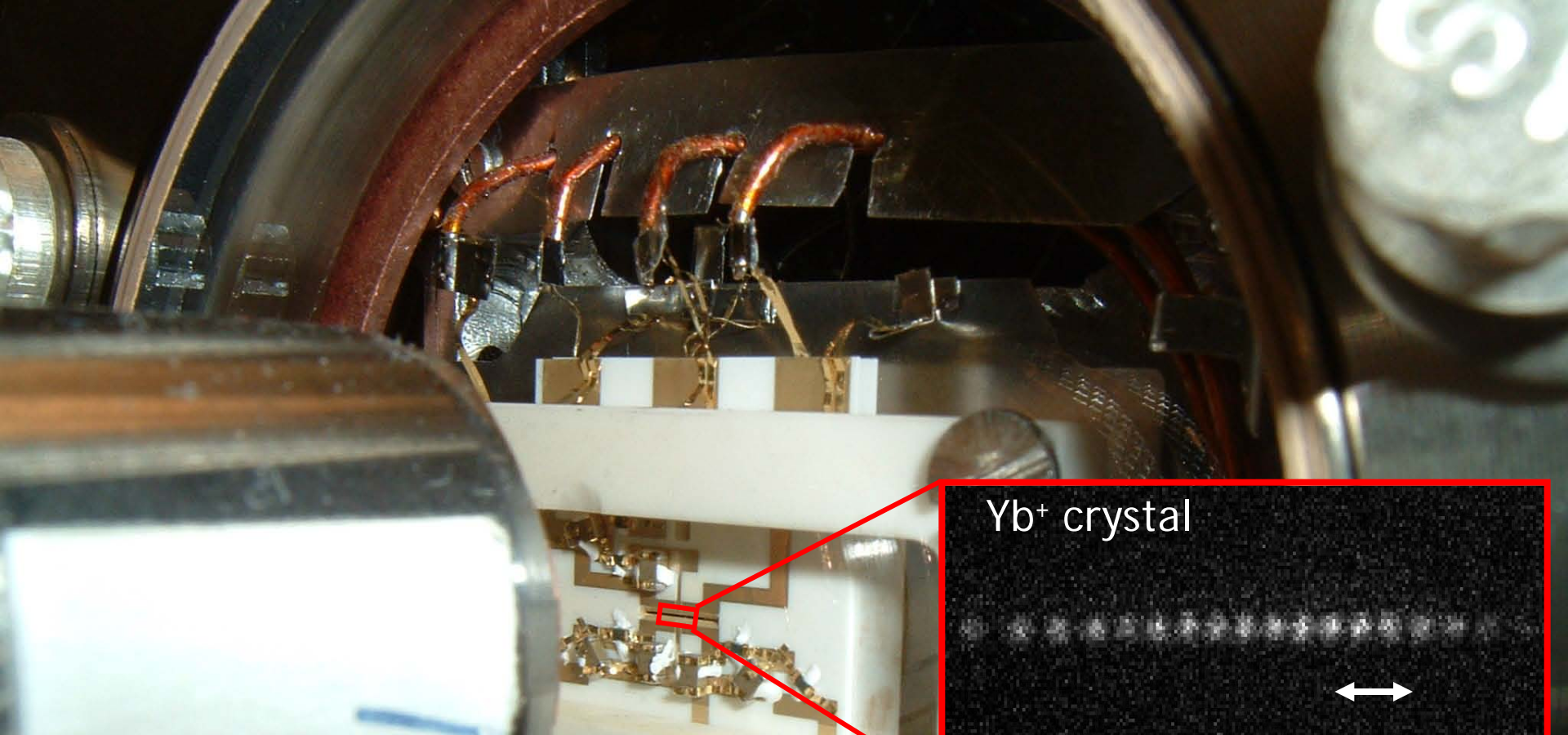
K. Kim, et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **103**, 120502 (2009)

K. Kim, et al., *Nature* **465**, 590 (2010)

E. Edwards, et al., *Phys. Rev. B* (2010); ArXiv 1005.4160



from S. Lloyd, *Science* **319**, 1209 (2008)



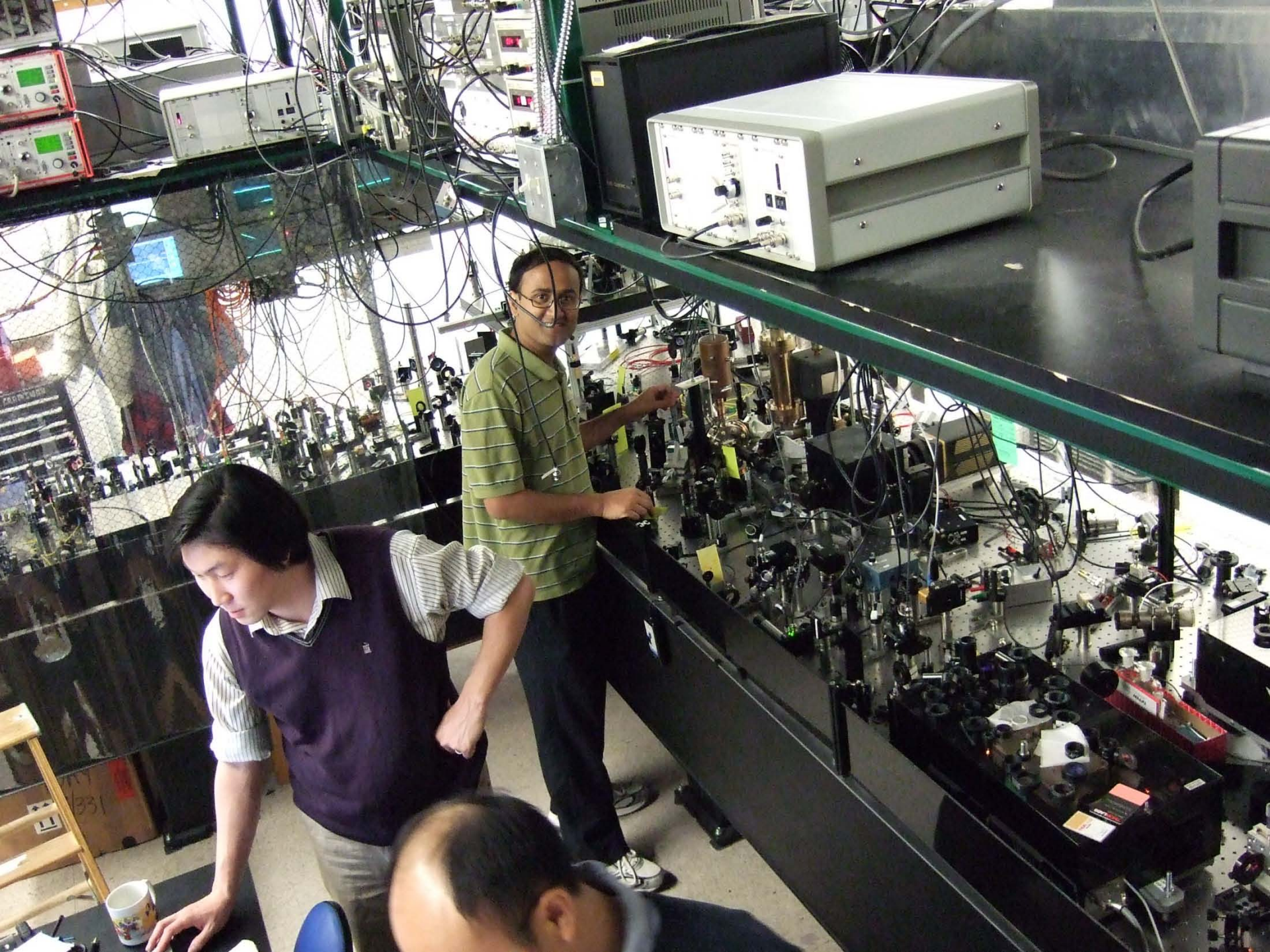
Yb⁺ crystal

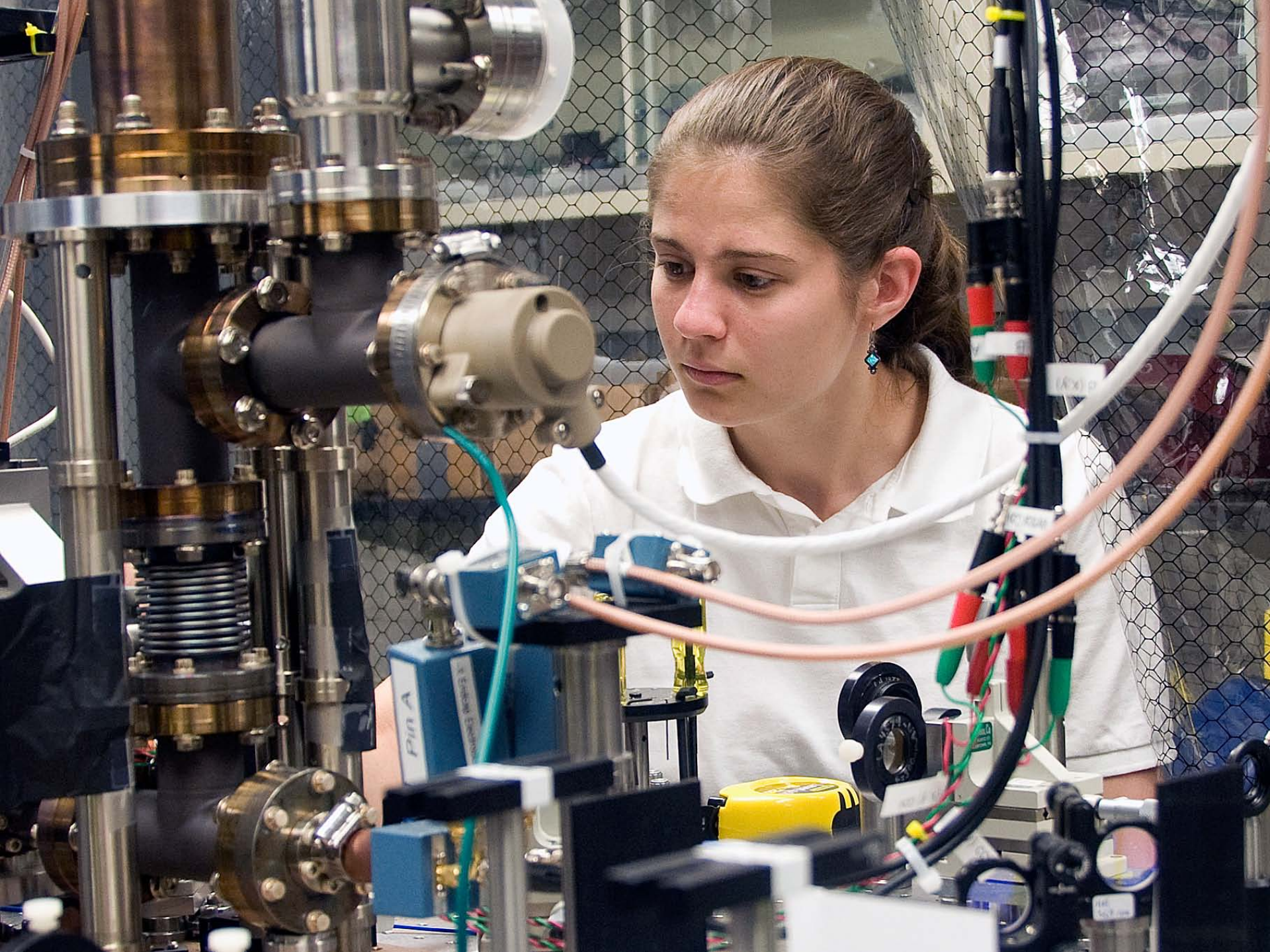


~5 μm

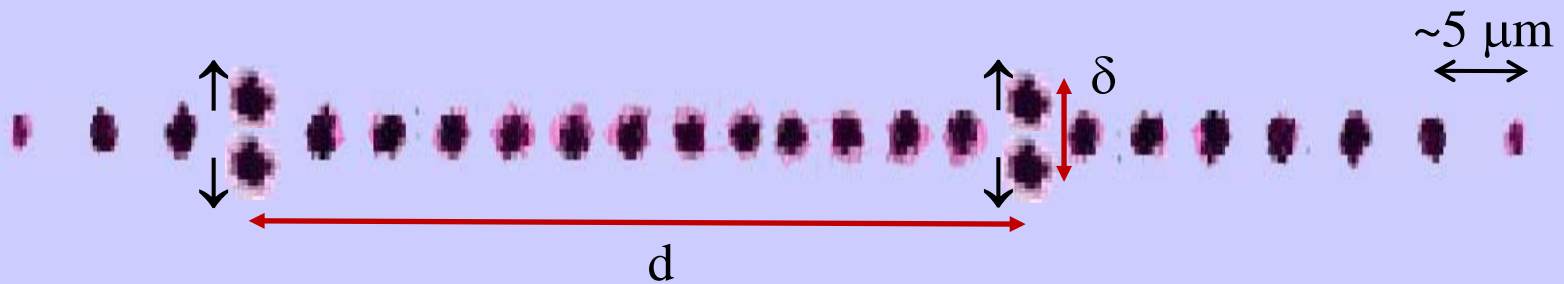
- | | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Barcelona | Munich |
| Berkeley | Oxford |
| Boulder (NIST) | Paris |
| Duke | Siegen |
| Georgia Tech | Seattle (UW) |
| Griffith (Australia) | Simon Fraser |
| Innsbruck | Sussex |
| Los Alamos | Tokyo |
| Maryland/JQI | Ulm |
| MIT | Weizmann Inst. |

C.M. & D. J. Wineland, *Sci. Am.*, 64 (Aug 2008)
R. Blatt & D. J. Wineland, *Nature* **453**, 1008 (2008)





Trapped Atomic Ions



spin-dependent force

$$F = F_0 |\uparrow\rangle\langle\uparrow| - F_0 |\downarrow\rangle\langle\downarrow|$$

Slow: Coulomb-coupled nonlocal normal modes, phonons

Fast: dipole-dipole coupling (or other forms)

$$\frac{e^2}{s} = \frac{e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 + \delta^2}} = \frac{e^2}{d} - \frac{(e\delta)^2}{2d^3} + \dots$$

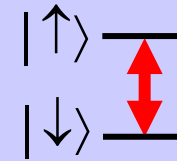
$$\begin{aligned} \delta &\sim 20 \text{ nm} \\ e\delta &\sim 1000 \text{ Debye} \end{aligned}$$

Global spin-dependent force

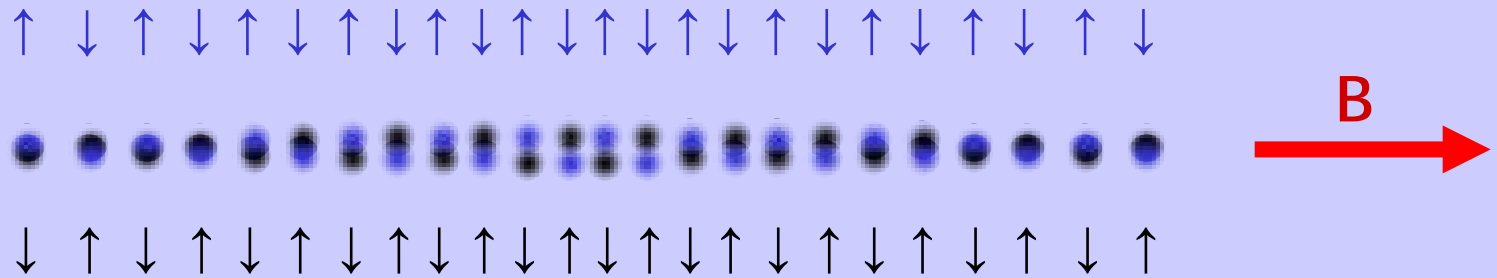


$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{F}_0 |\uparrow\rangle\langle\uparrow| - \mathbf{F}_0 |\downarrow\rangle\langle\downarrow|$$

Global spin-dependent force



ADD: Independent spin flips

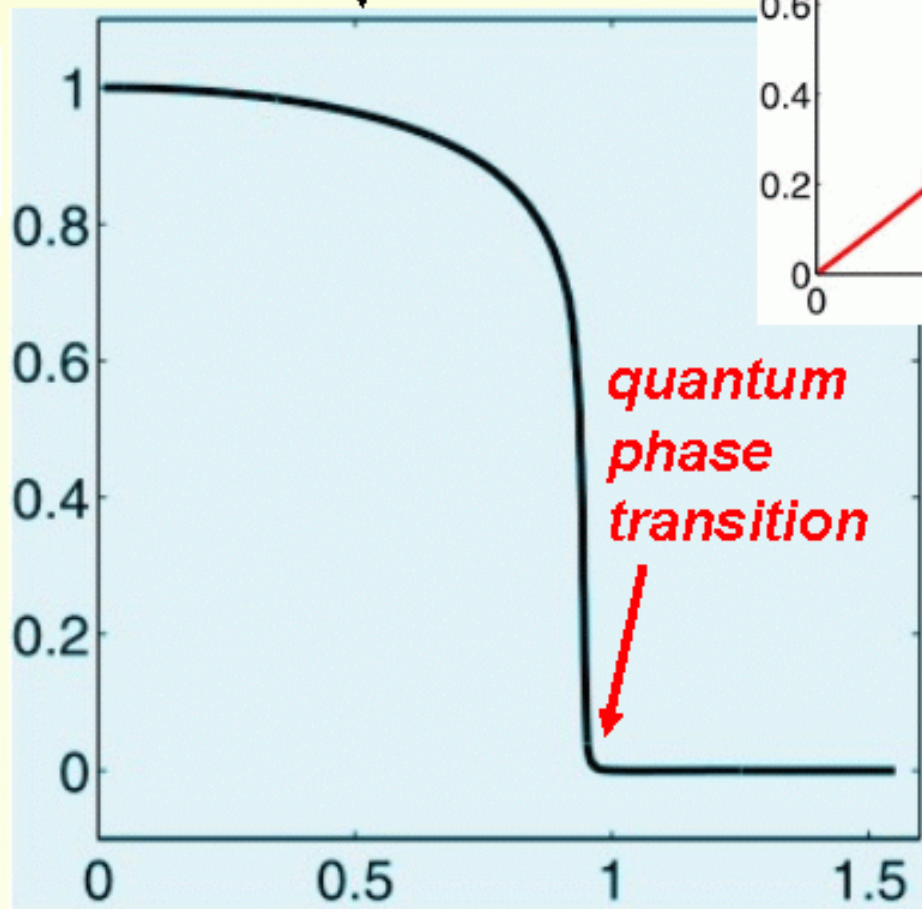


$$\mathbf{F} = F_0 |\uparrow\rangle\langle\uparrow| - F_0 |\downarrow\rangle\langle\downarrow|$$

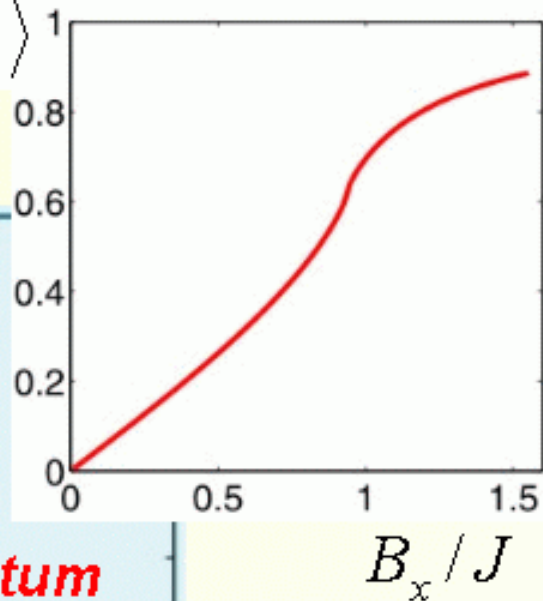
ANTIFERROMAGNETIC PHASE



$$|\langle \sigma_z \rangle|$$



$$\langle \sigma_x \rangle$$



ORDERED PHASE

Figure from Porras and Cirac
PRL 92, 207901 (2004)

$^{171}\text{Yb}^+$ hyperfine qubit

