

R Analysis Example Replication C7

```
nhanesdata$bpxd1_1 <- nhanesdata$BPXDI1
nhanesdata$bpxd1_1 [nhanesdata$bpxd1_1 ==0] <- NA
nhanesdata$agec <- (nhanesdata$age-46.36)
nhanesdata$agecsq <- (nhanesdata$agec*nhanesdata$agec)
nhanesdata$genderc <- factor(nhanesdata$RIAGENDR, levels = 1: 2, labels =c("M", "F"))

nhanessvy2 <- svydesign(strata=~SDMVSTRA, id=~SDMVPSU, weights=~WTMEC2YR, data=nhanesdata, nest=T)
subnhanes <- subset(nhanessvy2 , age >= 18)

#EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TESTING OF EACH FACTOR VARIABLE: RACE NHANES ADULT DATA
summary(ex75_race <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~racec, design=subnhanes))
regTermTest(ex75_race, ~racec)
# EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TEST OF MARITAL STATUS
summary(ex75_marital <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~marcatc, design=subnhanes))
regTermTest(ex75_marital, ~marcatc)
# EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TEST OF GENDER
summary(ex75_sex <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~genderc, design=subnhanes))
regTermTest(ex75_sex, ~genderc)
# EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TEST OF CENTERED AGE
summary(ex75_age <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~agec, design=subnhanes))

#UNWEIGHTED OLS REGRESSION
(ex75_nowt <- lm(bpxd1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data=nhanesdata, age >=18 ))
summary(ex75_nowt)

#WEIGHTED LINEAR REGRESSION WITHOUT COMPLEX SAMPLE CORRECTION
(ex75_wt <- lm(bpxd1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data= nhanesdata, age >=18, weight=WTMEC2YR ))
summary(ex75_wt)

#EXAMPLE 7.5 WITH COMPLEX SAMPLE ADJUSTMENT AND WEIGHTS USING SVYGLM
summary(ex75_svyglm <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, design=subnhanes))
plot(ex75_svyglm)
#ex 7.5 with AgeC Squared
summary(ex75_svyglm_agesq <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec + agecsq, design=subnhanes))
ex75_svyglm_agesq
plot(ex75_svyglm_agesq)
#note: additional plots could be done with more coding and plotting work, not shown here

#EXAMPLE 7.5 TEST OF INTERACTION OF AGE and AGESQUARED*RACE/ETHNICITY
ex75_raceint <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~ genderc + agec*factor(racec) + agecsq*factor(racec), subnhanes)
summary(ex75_raceint, df.resid=Inf)
#note that Wald Test is used in regTermTest command
regTermTest(ex75_raceint, ~agec:factor(racec)+ agecsq:factor(racec))

# EXAMPLE 7.5 AGE TIMES GENDER INTERACTION TEST
ex75_sexint <- svyglm(bpxd1_1 ~factor(genderc)*agec + factor(genderc)*agecsq + racec, subnhanes)
summary(ex75_sexint)
# Test of interactions, note that R uses a different df formula than Stata, see documentation for details
regTermTest(ex75_sexint, ~factor(genderc):agec + factor(genderc):agecsq)

#Final Model including interactions of race and age plus gender and age
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```

ex75_final <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ agec*factor(racec) + agecsq*factor(racec) + factor(genderc)*agec +
factor(genderc)*agecsq, subnhanes)
summary(ex75_final, df.resid=Inf)
margins(ex75_final, at(~agec(-30,(5),30)))

#R Survey Diagnostics package from R. Valliant are currently available only directly from Dr. Valliant, request
by email at rvalliant@survey.umd.edu.

#Until the package is available from CRAN, we refer readers to examples in book rather than repeat here.

# Q Approach for Weighting, Pfefferman
# Step 1 linear model with weight regressed on race, gender and agec
q_wgt <- lm(WTMEC2YR ~ racec + genderc + agec, nhanesdata)
summary(q_wgt)
w_hat <- predict(q_wgt)
nhanesdata$q_wtmec2yr <- (nhanesdata$WTMEC2YR / w_hat)
names(nhanesdata)
summary(nhanesdata$q_wtmec2yr)
# design object and subset for analysis
nhanessvyq <- svydesign(strata=~SDMVSTRA, id=~SDMVPSU, weights=~q_wtmec2yr, data=nhanesdata, nest=T)
subnhanesq <- subset(nhanessvyq , age >= 18)
# Final Model with Q Weight
ex75_finalq <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ agec*factor(racec) + agecsq*factor(racec) + factor(genderc)*agec +
factor(genderc)*agecsq, subnhanesq)
summary(ex75_finalq, df.resid=Inf)

```

Output R Analysis Example Replication C7

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> #create new variable bpxdi1_1 where 0 is set to missing
> nhanesdata$bpxdi1_1 <- nhanesdata$BPXDI1
> nhanesdata$bpxdi1_1 [nhanesdata$bpxdi1_1 ==0] <- NA
> nhanesdata$agec <- (nhanesdata$age-46.36)
> nhanesdata$agecsq <- (nhanesdata$agec*nhanesdata$agec)
> nhanesdata$gendrc <- factor(nhanesdata$RIAGENDR, levels = 1: 2, labels =c("M", "F"))
> nhanessvy2 <- svydesign(strata=~SDMVSTRA, id=~SDMVPSU, weights=~WTMEC2YR, data=nhanesdata, nest=T)
> subnhanes <- subset(nhanessvy2 , age >= 18)

> #EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TESTING OF EACH FACTOR VARIABLE: RACE
> summary(ex75_race <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~racec, design=subnhanes))
Call:
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec, design = subnhanes)
Survey design:
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept)    69.8041    0.4532 154.013 < 2e-16 ***
racecOther Hispanic -0.1549    1.4556  -0.106  0.91688  
racecWhite      2.1847    0.7427   2.942  0.01145 *  
racecBlack       2.2902    0.7030   3.258  0.00623 ** 
racecOther       1.3056    0.7044   1.853  0.08665 .  
---
Signif. codes:  0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1
(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 137.0384)
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
> regTermTest(ex75_race, ~racec)
Wald test for racec
  in svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec, design = subnhanes)
F = 4.771214 on 4 and 13 df: p= 0.013705

> # EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TEST OF MARITAL STATUS
> summary(ex75_marital <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~marcatc, design=subnhanes))
Call:
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ marcatc, design = subnhanes)
Survey design:
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept)    72.1796    0.5149 140.172 <2e-16 ***
marcatcPreviously Married -0.1451    0.6978  -0.208  0.838  
marcatcNever Married     -1.1210    0.8437  -1.329  0.204  
---
Signif. codes:  0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1
(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 137.5607)
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
> regTermTest(ex75_marital, ~marcatc)
Wald test for marcatc
  in svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ marcatc, design = subnhanes)
F = 0.9023684 on 2 and 15 df: p= 0.42653

```

```
> # EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TEST OF GENDER  
> summary(ex75_sex <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ genderc, design=subnhanes))
```

Call:

```
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ genderc, design = subnhanes)
```

Survey design:

```
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	72.7255	0.5901	123.245	< 2e-16 ***
gendercF	-2.2004	0.5679	-3.875	0.00134 **

Signif. codes: 0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1

(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 136.4476)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

```
> regTermTest(ex75_sex, ~genderc)
```

Wald test for genderc

```
in svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ genderc, design = subnhanes)  
F = 15.01184 on 1 and 16 df: p= 0.0013441
```

```
> # EXAMPLE 7.5 BIVARIATE TEST OF CENTERED AGE
```

```
> summary(ex75_age <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ agec, design=subnhanes))
```

Call:

```
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ agec, design = subnhanes)
```

Survey design:

```
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	71.60363	0.50024	143.140	<2e-16 ***
agec	0.03941	0.01889	2.087	0.0533 .

Signif. codes: 0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1

(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 137.2234)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

```

> #UNWEIGHTED OLS REGRESSION
> (ex75_nowt <- lm(bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data=nhanesdata, age >=18 ))
Call:
lm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data = nhanesdata,
subset = age >= 18)
Coefficients:
(Intercept) racecOther Hispanic          racecWhite
              70.78353             0.25519            1.19254
racecBlack    racecOther                  gendercF
              2.20541             2.01311           -2.40368
agec
              0.04136
> summary(ex75_nowt)
Call:
lm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data = nhanesdata,
subset = age >= 18)
Residuals:
    Min      1Q Median      3Q     Max 
-60.964 -7.299  0.190  7.337 47.140 
Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 70.783525  0.547861 129.200 < 2e-16 ***
racecOther  0.255192  0.737979  0.346  0.729508    
racecWhite   1.192541  0.597384  1.996  0.045957 *  
racecBlack   2.205414  0.615401  3.584  0.000342 *** 
racecOther   2.013111  0.661517  3.043  0.002353 ** 
gendercF    -2.403677  0.331488 -7.251 4.75e-13 *** 
agec        0.041356  0.009034  4.578 4.81e-06 *** 
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 11.84 on 5105 degrees of freedom
(752 observations deleted due to missingness)
Multiple R-squared:  0.01798, Adjusted R-squared:  0.01682 
F-statistic: 15.58 on 6 and 5105 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```

> #WEIGHTED LINEAR REGRESSION WITHOUT COMPLEX SAMPLE CORRECTION
> (ex75_wt <- lm(bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data= nhanesdata, age >=18, weight=WTMEC2YR ))
Call:
lm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data = nhanesdata,
subset = age >= 18, weights = WTMEC2YR)
Coefficients:
(Intercept) racecOther Hispanic          racecWhite
               71.14870            -0.14141           1.90420
racecBlack      racecOther                  gendercF
               2.30195            1.26179           -2.29114
agec
               0.03682
> summary(ex75_wt)
Call:
lm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, data = nhanesdata,
subset = age >= 18, weights = WTMEC2YR)
Weighted Residuals:
    Min      1Q   Median      3Q      Max 
-16771.9 -1300.0   -58.2  1137.9  14319.1 
Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 71.148697  0.591569 120.271 < 2e-16 ***
racecOther Hispanic -0.141412  0.841612 -0.168  0.86657
racecWhite   1.904199  0.607718  3.133  0.00174 ** 
racecBlack   2.301953  0.734488  3.134  0.00173 ** 
racecOther   1.261786  0.805232  1.567  0.11718
gendercF     -2.291136  0.318160 -7.201 6.84e-13 ***
agec        0.036823  0.009289  3.964 7.47e-05 *** 
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 2315 on 5105 degrees of freedom
(752 observations deleted due to missingness)
Multiple R-squared:  0.01742, Adjusted R-squared:  0.01627 
F-statistic: 15.09 on 6 and 5105 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```
> #EXAMPLE 7.5 WITH COMPLEX SAMPLE ADJUSTMENT AND WEIGHTS USING SVYGLM  
> summary(ex75_svyglm <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, design=subnhanes))
```

Call:

```
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec, design = subnhanes)
```

Survey design:

```
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)
```

Coefficients:

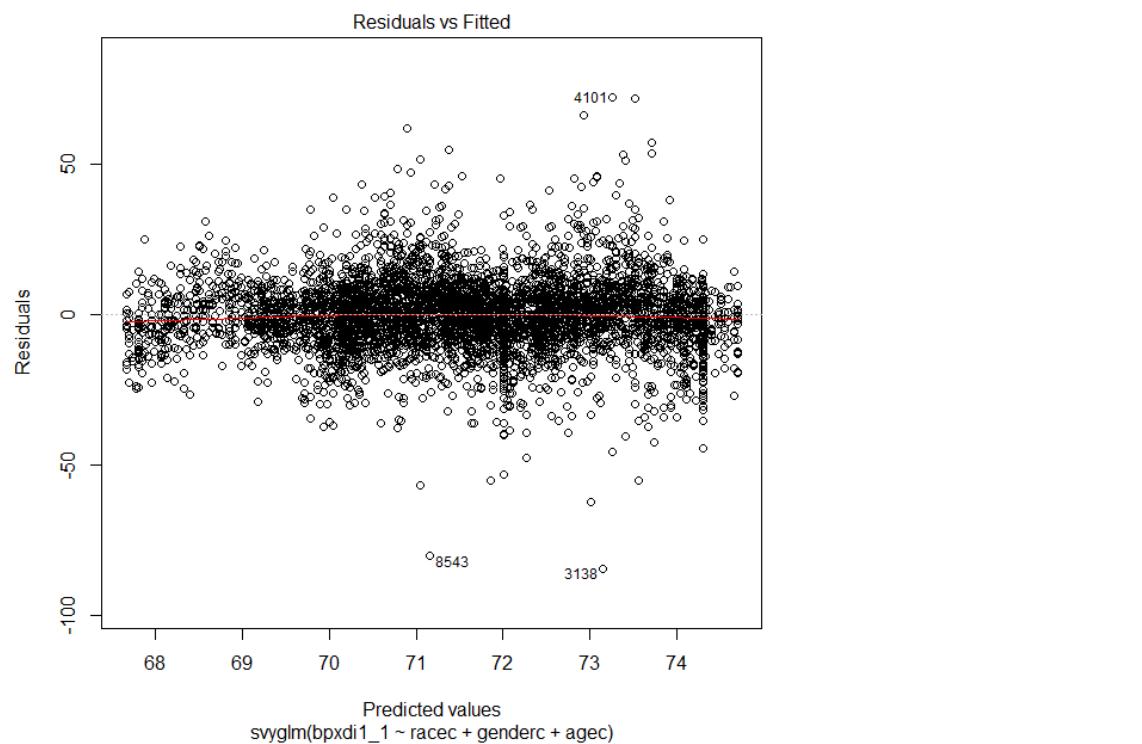
	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	71.14870	0.51796	137.364	< 2e-16 ***
racecOther Hispanic	-0.14141	1.37461	-0.103	0.91991
racecWhite	1.90420	0.80908	2.354	0.03825 *
racecBlack	2.30195	0.66462	3.464	0.00530 **
racecOther	1.26179	0.70668	1.786	0.10174
gendercF	-2.29114	0.54835	-4.178	0.000154 **
agec	0.03682	0.02081	1.770	0.10445

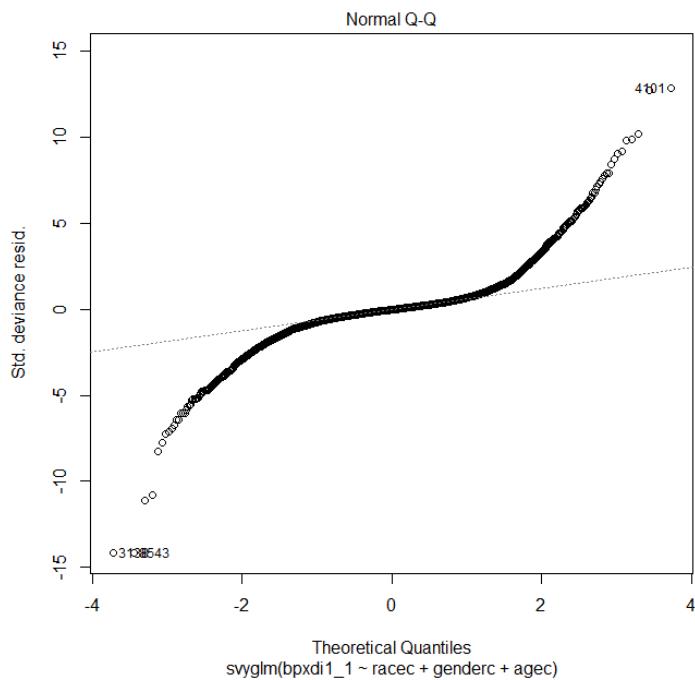
Signif. codes: 0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1

(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 135.3213)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

```
> plot(ex75_svyglm)
```



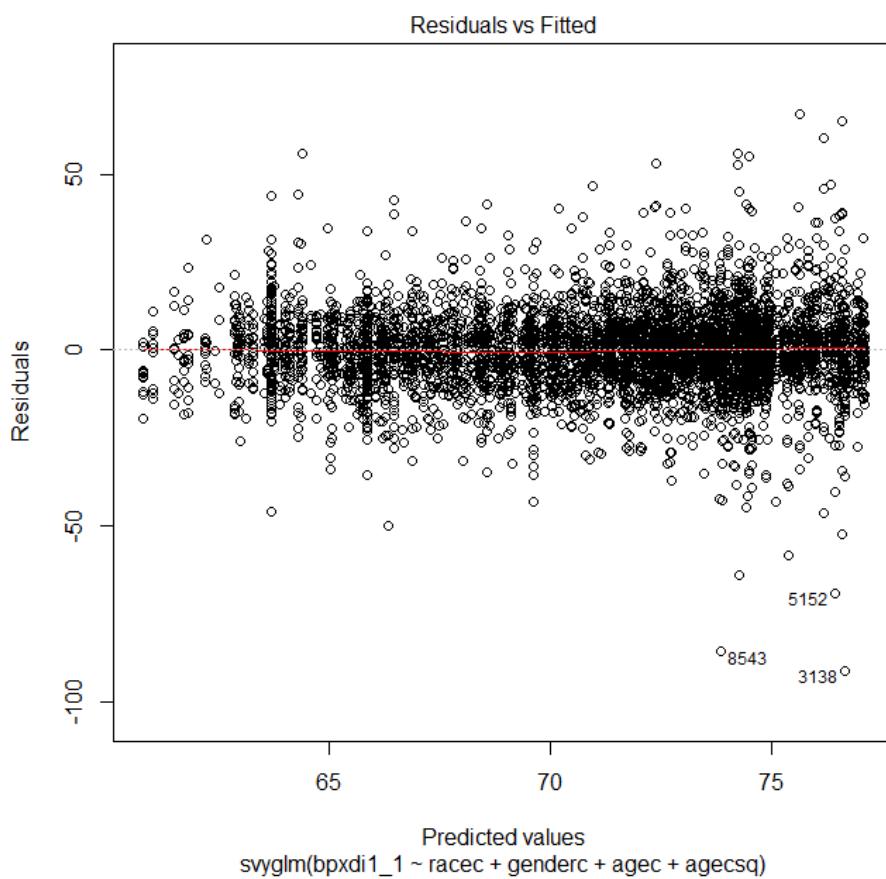


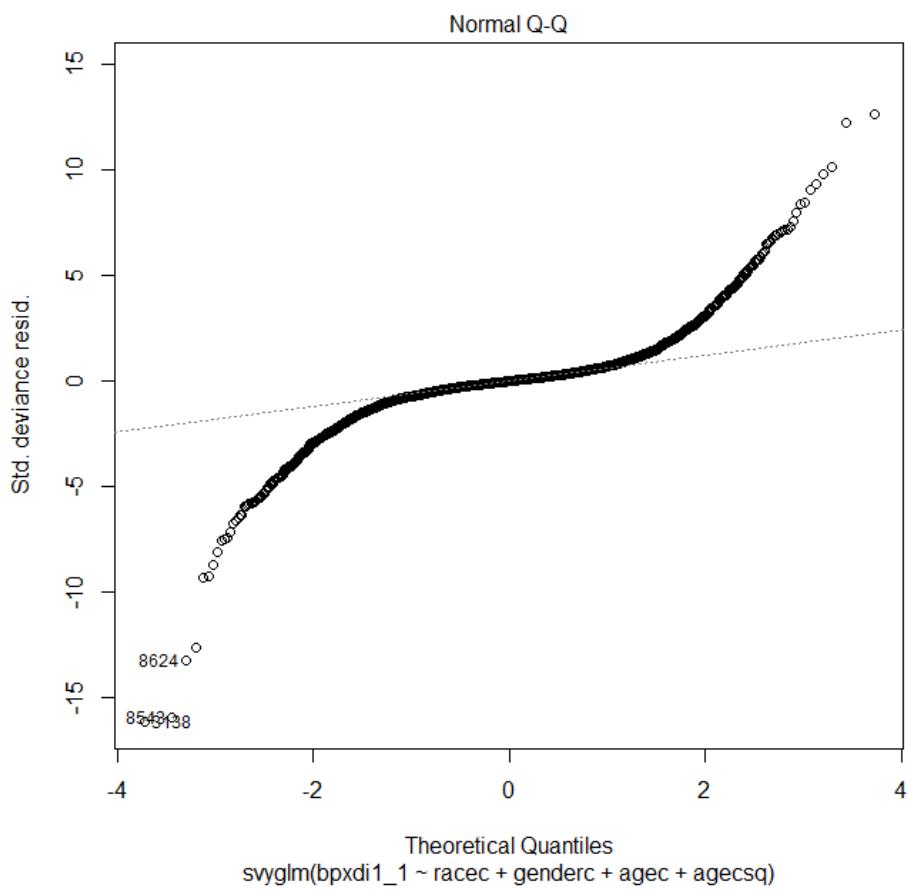
```

#ex 7.5 with AgeC Squared
summary(ex75_svyglm_agesq <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec + agecsq, design=subnhanes))
ex75_svyglm_agesq
> #ex 7.5 with AgeC Squared
> summary(ex75_svyglm_agesq <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec + agecsq, design=subnhanes))
Call:
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ racec + genderc + agec + agecsq,
       design = subnhanes)
Survey design:
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)
Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 74.4622832 0.5652594 131.731 < 2e-16 ***
racecOther Hispanic 0.2178048 1.2171779 0.179 0.861556
racecWhite 2.0844882 0.8572122 2.432 0.035347 *
racecBlack 2.5108637 0.7336554 3.422 0.006521 **
racecOther 1.4095682 0.6873427 2.051 0.067424 .
gendercF -2.1692000 0.4892870 -4.433 0.001267 **
agec 0.0748534 0.0155878 4.802 0.000721 ***
agecsq -0.0116898 0.0007179 -16.284 1.58e-08 ***
---
Signif. codes: 0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1
(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 122.0121)
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

```

```
plot(ex75_svyglm_agesq)
```





```

> #EXAMPLE 7.5 TEST OF INTERACTION OF AGE and AGESQUARED*RACE/ETHNICITY
> ex75_raceint <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ genderc + agec*factor(racec) + agecsq*factor(racec), subnhanes)
> summary(ex75_raceint, df.resid=Inf)

Call:
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ genderc + agec * factor(racec) +
    agecsq * factor(racec), subnhanes)

Survey design:
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)

Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 74.859201 0.760761 98.400 < 2e-16 ***
gendercF -2.168455 0.489885 -4.426 9.58e-06 ***
agec 0.061160 0.032933 1.857 0.063297 .
factor(racec)Other Hispanic 0.224080 0.927686 0.242 0.809131
factor(racec)White 1.398993 0.906972 1.542 0.122955
factor(racec)Black 3.341583 0.961994 3.474 0.000514 ***
factor(racec)Other 1.084784 0.899712 1.206 0.227933
agecsq -0.013611 0.001821 -7.476 7.69e-14 ***
agec:factor(racec)Other Hispanic 0.055855 0.047357 1.179 0.238219
agec:factor(racec)White -0.001124 0.049801 -0.023 0.981991
agec:factor(racec)Black 0.040001 0.036043 1.110 0.267076
agec:factor(racec)Other 0.019038 0.045655 0.417 0.676686
factor(racec)Other Hispanic:agecsq 0.001209 0.003214 0.376 0.706858
factor(racec)White:agecsq 0.002960 0.001567 1.889 0.058886 .
factor(racec)Black:agecsq -0.001948 0.001801 -1.081 0.279525
factor(racec)Other:agecsq 0.001728 0.002710 0.637 0.523843
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 121.6729)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

> #note that Wald Test is used in regTermTest command
> regTermTest(ex75_raceint, ~agec:factor(racec)+ agecsq:factor(racec))
Wald test for agec:factor(racec) factor(racec):agecsq
in svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ genderc + agec * factor(racec) +
    agecsq * factor(racec), subnhanes)
F = 11.8955 on 8 and 2 df: p= 0.079828

```

```

> # EXAMPLE 7.5 AGE TIMES GENDER INTERACTION TEST
> ex75_sexint <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~factor(genderc)*agec + factor(genderc)*agecsq + racec, subnhanes)
> summary(ex75_sexint)

Call:
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ factor(genderc) * agec + factor(genderc) *
    agecsq + racec, subnhanes)

Survey design:
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)

Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 74.9846596 0.6457104 116.127 3.38e-14 ***
factor(genderc)F -3.1707086 0.7572255 -4.187 0.00305 **
agec 0.0481536 0.0163147 2.952 0.01838 *
agecsq -0.0135697 0.0008394 -16.165 2.15e-07 ***
racecOther Hispanic 0.2056088 1.2087808 0.170 0.86916
racecWhite 2.0990068 0.8453388 2.483 0.03793 *
racecBlack 2.5401774 0.7328015 3.466 0.00849 **
racecOther 1.4274416 0.6919988 2.063 0.07304 .
factor(genderc)F:agec 0.0476044 0.0229564 2.074 0.07182 .
factor(genderc)F:agecsq 0.0033007 0.0016223 2.035 0.07631 .

---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 121.4838)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

> # Test of interactions, note that R uses a different df formula than Stata, see documentation for details
> regTermTest(ex75_sexint, ~factor(genderc):agec + factor(genderc):agecsq)
Wald test for factor(genderc):agec factor(genderc):agecsq
in svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ factor(genderc) * agec + factor(genderc) *
    agecsq + racec, subnhanes)
F = 5.356873 on 2 and 8 df: p= 0.033398

```

```

> #Final Model including interactions of race and age plus gender and age
> ex75_final <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ agec*factor(racec) + agecsq*factor(racec) + factor(genderc)*agec +
  factor(genderc)*agecsq, subnhanes)
> summary(ex75_final, df.resid=Inf)

Call:
svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ agec * factor(racec) + agecsq * factor(racec) +
  factor(genderc) * agec + factor(genderc) * agecsq, subnhanes)

Survey design:
subset(nhanessvy2, age >= 18)

Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) 
(Intercept) 75.3464498 0.8190674 91.991 < 2e-16 ***
agec          0.0392266 0.0397727  0.986 0.324002  
factor(racec)Other Hispanic 0.2714371 0.9210014  0.295 0.768208  
factor(racec)White    1.4611713 0.9104608  1.605 0.108522  
factor(racec)Black   3.4500173 0.9610532  3.590 0.000331 *** 
factor(racec)Other   1.1441363 0.8948624  1.279 0.201052  
agecsq         -0.0152356 0.0018081 -8.426 < 2e-16 *** 
factor(genderc)F   -3.1953718 0.7592912 -4.208 2.57e-05 *** 
agec:factor(racec)Other Hispanic 0.0496377 0.0496923  0.999 0.317843  
agec:factor(racec)White    -0.0044755 0.0531791 -0.084 0.932931  
agec:factor(racec)Black   0.0345488 0.0387275  0.892 0.372339  
agec:factor(racec)Other   0.0149059 0.0492193  0.303 0.762006  
factor(racec)Other Hispanic:agecsq 0.0008365 0.0034480  0.243 0.808301  
factor(racec)White:agecsq 0.0026623 0.0017149  1.552 0.120562  
factor(racec)Black:agecsq -0.0023680 0.0019817 -1.195 0.232102  
factor(racec)Other:agecsq 0.0014446 0.0029821  0.484 0.628085  
agec:factor(genderc)F   0.0454944 0.0234701  1.938 0.052575 .  
agecsq:factor(genderc)F 0.0033864 0.0016627  2.037 0.041683 * 
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 121.1483)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

#NOTE: Predicted Margins with Continuous Variable not currently available in R. This feature may be added in
near future by software developer and will be included on ASDA website if this occurs.

#R Survey Diagnostics package from R. Valliant are currently available only directly from Dr. Valliant, request
by email at rvalliant@survey.umd.edu.
#Until the package is available from CRAN, we refer readers to examples in book rather than repeat here.

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> # Q Approach for Weighting, Pfefferman
> # Step 1 linear model with weight regressed on race, gender and agec
>
> q_wgt <- lm(WTMEC2YR ~ racec + genderc + agec, nhanesdata)
> summary(q_wgt)

```

Call:
`lm(formula = WTMEC2YR ~ racec + genderc + agec, data = nhanesdata)`

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-72371	-9694	-1784	5723	160998

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	24948.55	826.84	30.173	< 2e-16 ***
racecOther Hispanic	-3410.17	1105.37	-3.085	0.00204 **
racecWhite	40374.19	901.34	44.794	< 2e-16 ***
racecBlack	-9093.88	903.70	-10.063	< 2e-16 ***
racecOther	-8421.65	989.51	-8.511	< 2e-16 ***
gendercF	1716.86	546.43	3.142	0.00168 **
agec	158.50	11.35	13.964	< 2e-16 ***

Signif. codes:	0 '***'	0.001 '**'	0.01 '*'	0.05 '.'
	0.1 ' '	1		

Residual standard error: 26980 on 9749 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.413, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4126
F-statistic: 1143 on 6 and 9749 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

> w_hat <- predict(q_wgt)
>
> nhanesdata$q_wtmec2yr <- (nhanesdata$WTMEC2YR / w_hat)

> # design object and subset for analysis
> nhanessvyq <- svydesign(strata=~SDMVSTRA, id=~SDMVPSU, weights=~q_wtmec2yr, data=nhanesdata, nest=T)
> subnhanesq <- subset(nhanessvyq , age >= 18)
>
> # Final Model with Q Weight
> ex75_finalq <- svyglm(bpxdi1_1 ~ agec*factor(racec) + agecsq*factor(racec) + factor(genderc)*agec +
factor(genderc)*agecsq, subnhanesq)
> summary(ex75_finalq, df.resid=Inf)

```

Call:
`svyglm(formula = bpxdi1_1 ~ agec * factor(racec) + agecsq * factor(racec) +
factor(genderc) * agec + factor(genderc) * agecsq, subnhanesq)`

Survey design:
`subset(nhanessvyq, age >= 18)`

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	75.413392	0.772493	97.623	< 2e-16 ***
agec	0.046734	0.040405	1.157	0.247420
factor(racec)Other Hispanic	0.247589	0.953863	0.260	0.795200
factor(racec)White	1.500999	0.894770	1.678	0.093440 .
factor(racec)Black	3.566390	0.989244	3.605	0.000312 ***
factor(racec)Other	1.237697	0.892330	1.387	0.165429
agecsq	-0.014820	0.001685	-8.794	< 2e-16 ***
factor(genderc)F	-3.429000	0.632731	-5.419	5.98e-08 ***
agec:factor(racec)Other Hispanic	0.048245	0.047486	1.016	0.309641
agec:factor(racec)White	-0.005508	0.051294	-0.107	0.914481

```
agec:factor(racec)Black      0.035959  0.037019  0.971 0.331364
agec:factor(racec)Other      0.012669  0.046463  0.273 0.785110
factor(racec)Other Hispanic:agecsq 0.001037  0.003368  0.308 0.758164
factor(racec)White:agecsq    0.002517  0.001712  1.470 0.141460
factor(racec)Black:agecsq   -0.002684  0.001961 -1.368 0.171237
factor(racec)Other:agecsq   0.001244  0.003058  0.407 0.684076
agec:factor(genderc)F       0.034390  0.026440  1.301 0.193368
agecsq:factor(genderc)F     0.002924  0.001646  1.776 0.075704 .
---
Signif. codes:  0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1
```

(Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 123.0622)

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2